



Coalition Against Major Diseases (CAMD)

CDISC French User Group – February 2011

sanofi aventis

L'essentiel c'est la santé.



Agenda

-  **Coalition Against Major Diseases (CAMD)**
-  **Data workgroup**
-  **Difficulties**
-  **Outcomes**
-  **Conclusion**



CAMD – Goal



Coalition Against Major Diseases (=CAMD) launched in February 2008 by the Critical Path Institute (C-Path)



GOAL

- **To develop new knowledge and models that will enable faster development of innovative and effective therapies**
- **Initial focus on neurodegenerative diseases with huge unmet medical need**
 - Alzheimer's disease
 - Parkinson's disease



CAMD – Overview



Participants

- 15 biopharmaceutical companies
- Representatives from FDA, EMA, the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS) and the National Institute on Aging (NIA) serving as advisors



CAMD – Biopharmaceutical members

Abbott	Genentech Inc.
Alliance for Aging Research	GlaxoSmithKline
Alzheimer's Association	Johnson & Johnson
Alzheimer's Foundation of America	National Health Council
AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP	Novartis Pharmaceutical Corporation
Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	Parkinson's Action Network
CHDI Foundation	Parkinson's Disease Foundation
Eli Lilly and Company	Pfizer, Inc.
F. Hoffmann La Roche Ltd	sanofi-aventis, US, Inc.
Forest Research Institute	



CAMD – Organization



Workgroup 1: Data

- Provides a common data format and remapping rules for pooling disparate sources of clinical data
- Provides data management infrastructure
- Loads transferred data into shared CAMD database for use in Workgroups 2 and 3



Workgroup 2: Disease-Progression Modeling

- Develops models that can be used to inform the design of clinical trials to test drugs for AD and PD as efficiently as possible (use of simulations)
- Submits those models for review and possible qualification by FDA



CAMD – Organization (cont'd)



Workgroup 3: Biomarker Evaluation

- Identifies biomarkers that have utility in advancing clinical drug development
- Submits appropriate package for qualification of use to the FDA

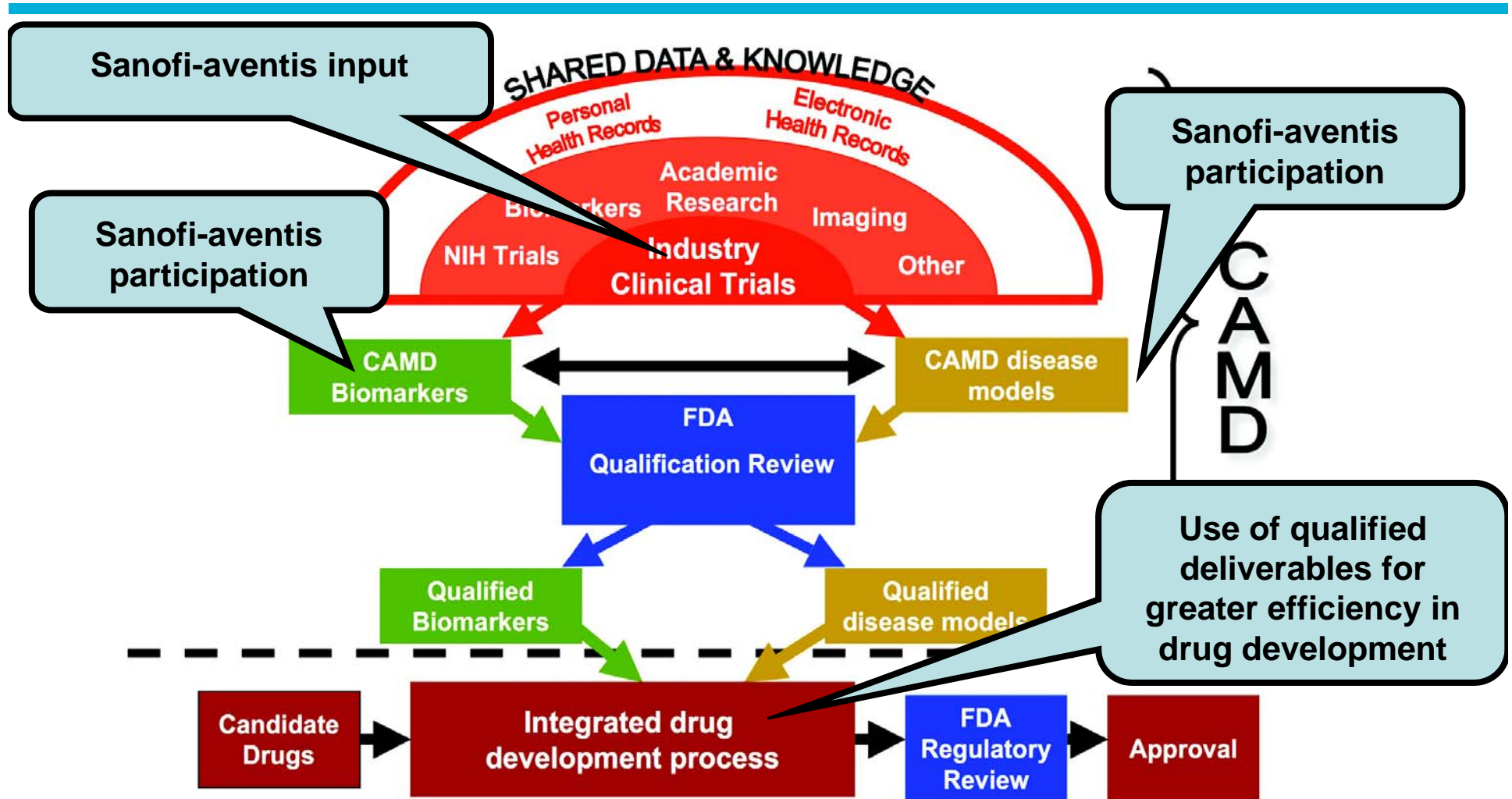


Workgroup 4 will be formed to assist in the creation of the dossiers for submission to the FDA

→ This presentation will focus on the Data WG for Alzheimer's disease (AD)



CAMD – Model





Data WG – Sponsors contribution



Each sponsor to identify trials for contribution



Commitment to provide data

- Placebo arm only
- Following CDISC SDTM V3.1.2



Supporting documentation required

- Protocols
- CDISC annotated CRFs
- Webpage with secure access



Data WG – Sanofi-aventis trials



Two Phase III studies in xaliproden program

- Randomized, multicenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 18-month study of the efficacy of xaliproden in patients with mild-to-moderate dementia of the Alzheimer's type



Large trials

- EFC2724: 719 patients in the placebo arm
- EFC2946: 644 patients in the placebo arm



Long-term data

- Core study: 18-month treatment
- For some patients having completed the planned 18-month treatment period, an optional double-blind extension phase was proposed (up to 31 months)



Biomarker: brain imaging (MRI data)












Data WG – Planned process

- ✦ **Get consensus on initial data elements to be standardized → input from modeling workgroup (Aug 2009)**
- ✦ **Identify first round of trials to map (Oct 2009)**
- ✦ **Develop proposal of AD standards (Oct 2009)**
- ✦ **Submit proposed standards to CDISC and FDA (Oct 2009)**
- ✦ **Design and implement the database (Nov 2009)**
- ✦ **Initial sponsor data transformed and loaded on database (Q1 2010)**



Data WG – Domains requested

-  **CM** **Concomitant medications**
-  **DM** **Demographics**
-  **DS** **Disposition**
-  **LB** **Laboratory results**
-  **MH** **Medical history**
-  **OM** **Organ measurement = MRI data**
-  **QS** **Questionnaire data = efficacy assessments**
- **ADAS-Cog**
- **MMSE**
-  **SC** **Subject characteristics = only ApoE genotyping**
-  **SV** **Subject visit**
-  **VS** **Vital signs**

-  **SUPPDM (Other race), SUPPMH, SUPPSC**



Data WG process

Working document received from CAMD

- Define file = CDISC compliant + Core and CAMD expectation (few differences. eg STRESU in LB Exp in CDISC, Req in CAMD)

Deliverables :

- Validated mapped datasets
- define (.xls) following CAMD specifications with sponsor specific rules (mostly derivation rules, eg age/scores, eg baseline definitions, reference start/end dates, handling of MD for score calculation).
Needed for the modeling working group to pool the data



Difficulties – Questionnaire (QS)



Patient's clinical assessment

■ ADAS-Cog (AD Assessment Scale – Cognitive)

- Several questions/tasks (success/failure or ordinal scales)
- 13 to 15 items based on these results (word recall, commands, constructional praxis, delayed word recall, naming, ideational praxis, orientation, word recognition, remembering, language, word-finding, delayed word recall, concentration/distractibility + number cancellation, executive function maze, rarely included)
- Several sub-scores and one global score

■ MMSE (Mini-Mental State Examination)

- 30 questions (success/failure)
- 5 items based on these results (orientation, learning/memory/recall, attention/calculus, naming/understanding/language, praxis)
- One global score



Difficulties – Questionnaire (QS)



Differences in data collected

- **Variability in ADAS-Cog questionnaire itself**
 - 13 to 15 items
 - Number of trials for Word Recognition task (1 to 3) and words used
- **Variability in the level of data collection**
 - ADAS-Cog: 13-15 summary items, vs. summary items + each task
 - MMSE: 5 summary items, vs. each task (summary items derived)



Decision

- **Account for the maximum level of details (e.g. word capture)**
 - Individual tasks, all questions: optional if not collected
- **Provide the summary items as derived variables if not collected in the CRF (e.g. MMSE) with flag DRVFL=Y**
 - Summary items to be provided by all sponsors (derived if necessary)



Difficulties – Questionnaire (QS)



Should derived global score and sub-scores be provided?

- Different ADAS-Cog score definition (11-item or more)
- Different ADAS-Cog sub-scores available
- Different sponsor derivation rules, especially for missing data



Decision

- **Not to be provided for ADAS-Cog**
 - Derived by Modeling Workgroup to ensure homogeneity
- **Total score to be provided for MMSE, with flag DRVFL=Y**
 - Collected by some sponsors



Difficulties – Questionnaire (QS)



Variability in QS for mapping

- Different order of items (QSSPID)
- Different terminology (QSTESTCD & QSTEST)



Decision

- QS order and terminology for QSTESTCD, QSTEST, QSCAT and QSSCAT homogenized by CAMD



Difficulties – Organ measurement (OM)



MRI data: new Brain Measurement domain?



New CDISC domain & terminology: Organ Measurement (OM)?



Not in first transfer (last specifications prepared)



Difficulties – Dictionaries

- WHODRUG dictionary requested for CM
- MedDRA for AE : coding in mixed case



Difficulties – mapping of MH



Three types of medical History

- AD History and onset of cognitive symptoms
- General Medical history
- Family History



CAMD defined controlled terminology MHCAT

- MHCAT : “PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS,” and “GENERAL.,” “FAMILY HISTORY”

MHCAT	MHSCAT	MHTERM	MHDECOD	MHSTDTC
PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS		Mild Cognitive Impairment		2001-05
PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS		Alzheimer's Disease		2003-05

MHCAT	MHSCAT	MHTERM	MHDECOD	MHSTDTC
GENERAL		BLIND LEFT EYE	Blindness unilateral	1999-07-07
GENERAL		TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY	Traumatic brain injury	2005-03-28

MHCAT	MHSCAT	MHTERM	MHDECOD	MHSTDTC
FAMILY HISTORY	MOTHER	Angina		
	GRANDMOTHER	Unstable Angina		
	ANY RELATIVE	Myocardial Infarction		



Difficulties – Other domains



Follow CDISC V3.1.2 standards and terminology

- DSCAT, DSDECOD, LBTESTCD, LBTEST, LBSTRESU, VSTESTCD, VSTEST, VSSTRESU, etc.



But...

- CDISC terminology not available for all data
 - E.g. LBCAT, LBSCAT, VSCAT, VSSCAT
- CDISC terminology not always exhaustive
 - E.g. LBSTRESU, DSDECOD



When CDISC codelist not available or “extensible”, use sponsor-specific terminology



Difficulties – Conclusion



Variability between sponsors: standardization needed
→ Not an easy task!



Impossible to homogenize all

- **Sponsor-specific terminology**
- **Sponsor-specific derivation rules**
 - Reference start/end dates, baseline definitions, age calculation, handling of MD for score calculation, etc.
- **To be provided in the Defines at time of data transfer (for future use by Modeling Workgroup)**



Difficulties – Conclusion



Need time for workgroup members to map legacy data to CAMD standards, e.g. for sanofi-aventis

- From CDISC SDTM V3.1.1 to V3.1.2
- To CAMD standardized terminology (with requested derivations)
- Use of WebSDM to validate the data (CAMD used Open Cdisc)



Communication between workgroup members

- Many persons involved
- Different continents
- Bi-weekly meetings



Outcomes – Sanofi-aventis data transfer



One of the first company to remap, upload data and pass the QC process



Several transfers needed

- **From 05MAR2010 (meeting Q1 2010 target)**
 - Without MH (ongoing mapping discussions)
 - Without OM (specifications not completed yet)
- **To 04MAY2010 (complete)**



Transfer package

- **Mapped SDTM (.XPT)**
- **CAMD defines with sponsor specific rules (.XLS)**



Outcomes – Shared and standard CAMD database



Currently more than 4000 AD patients (placebo)

- From 11 clinical trials from 7 pharmaceutical companies
- Following CDISC SDTM data standard
- As much standardization as possible between companies (though some heterogeneity remains)



Database publicly released on 11JUN2010

- Available for research (to design more efficient clinical trials of new treatment)



Will continue to expand



Outcomes – Standards in AD



Alzheimer's Disease Standard Implementation Guide

- Consensus on use of CDISC standards for clinical data (ADAS-Cog) and other AD specific elements?
- Developed with CDISC and input from the FDA



Posted for public review

- http://www.cdisc.org/stuff/contentmgr/files/0/2356ae38ac190ab8ca4ae0b222392b37/misc/sdtmig_ad_final_for_public_review.doc
- Comments to cdiscreviewcomments@cdisc.org by 18FEB2011



Conclusion



Unprecedented collaboration



Valuable deliverables to improve drug development in Alzheimer's disease

- Shared database available for research
- Data standards published and available to everyone once reviewed



What's next

- AD workgroups on Modeling and Biomarkers
- Parkinson's disease



Thanks for your attention